Club-hopping chief behind Singapore's tourism drive

The recently retired STB chairman believes that having fun is serious business

Exclusive

By Catherine Ong ISINGAPOREI

raditionally, Singapore and Hong Kong have been seen as rival cities. They compete head-on for a share of the region's trade and commerce, both aspiring to be the favoured destination for businessmen and tourists.

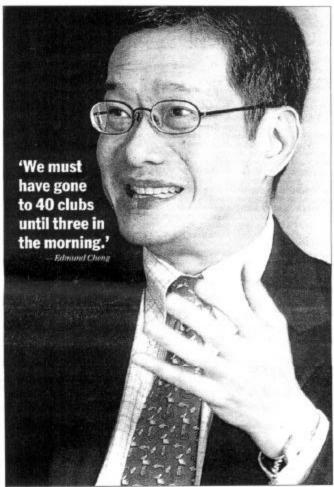
In the past nine years the Republic has had help in realising its ambition from n unlikely quarter Hong Kong-born entrepre-neur. Edmund Cheng, recently retired chairman of the Singapore Tourism Board (STB), is unambiguous about where his alle giance lies. When he was chief tourism promoter of the Lion City, he tirelessly spread its charms at home and abroad. From being the most boring place on earth, according to the Londonbased Economist magazine years ago, to the funky town on the front cover of a July 1999 edition of Time magazine, Singapore's transfor mation is due in no small part to the efforts of the STB under Mr Cheng's steward ship.

A smartly-suited man who clearly appreciates the finer things in life, the 50year-old deputy chairman of Wing Tai Holdings wasn't your average statutory board chief when he steered STB.

It was he who, according to STB's publicity material, reportedly persuaded strait-laced bureaucrats that they should allow Singaporeans to let down their hair and have fun. Foam parties at Sentosa Beach, an extension of nightclub hours, buskers and street parties became the rage.

And Mr Cheng made it part of his job to check out the night spots. "Oh yes, I go club-hopping." he said, breaking out into one of many infectious bouts of laughter during a recent hour-long interview.

In a basement office of Wing Tai Holdings at Wins-land House, he recalled with relish the night he took out a group of overseas friends for some serious partying. "We must have gone to 40 clubs until three in the morning," he recalled. "We were at Mohamad Sultan Road. We went from one side of the street, one club to another. We (then) went on to Zouk, Velvet Underground, Ngee Ann City, the



FILE PHOTO

basement of Phoenix Ho-

These clearly aren't favourite haunts for people of Mr Cheng's generation. But work is work — or should that be fun? — for this energetic, engineer-cum-architect-cum-property develop-

Inevitably at such nightspots, he would run into the children of his friends or friends of his children. He didn't mind them greeting him "uncle, uncle". And they didn't mind him picking ut their tabs.

ing up their tabs.
It was gratifying for him'to see his friends from Hong Kong coming here in recent years 'just to enjoy the restaurants and the clubs, proof surely that the night scene here was finally taking off."

"I think we've added more colour and texture to the city," Mr Cheng said.

During the past nine years he was very much preoccupied with turning Singapore into a "vibrant, worldclass" city — two adjectives he used liberally when describing STB's new mission.

In November 1997, STB, then known as the Singapore Tourist Promotion Board or STPB, changed its name and logo to reflect its bigger role of developing tourism enterprises here.

The new role stemmed from the realisation that with tourist arrivals having reached a sizeable base—seven million a year—STB's fature promotion efforts were likely to yield lower marginal returns.

Tourism is one of the

largest service sectors in Singapore, raking in annual revenue of \$11 billion, or 5 per cent of the country's GDP. The industry employs more than 130,000 people. Conventions, meetings and exhibitions have helped boost the number of visitors. Last year, Singapore was the venue for almost 5,000 such events, making it the world's fifth most popular convention city "There's so much we can do to attract people," Mr Cheng noted. "After a while, people might not want to come because it's the same old thing again. Singapore is quite limited. In order for us to expand, we have to, in a way, 'borrow' landscape.

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Club-hopping chief behind S'pore's tourism drive

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Towards this end, he studied such cities as London, Paris and New York, using them as his benchmark of a world class city. What is it that has made them reagnets for as long as tourism has been around? These cities are able to attract millions of visitors every year with relatively listle proundston. "France has something like 75 million visitors and most of them go to Paris," Mr Cheng pointed out. He reckons the attraction is a combination of hardware and activate. The world-class cities not pair here are not here are the second of them.

and software. The world-class cities not only have places and buildings of iconic value, whether they be the Central Park in New York or the Eiffel Tower in Paris, they also offer a rich experience of entertainment, events and education. There are things galore to do, to buy and to

offer a rich experience of entertainment, events and education. There are things galore to do, to buy and to learn.

Mr Chang said the instantion was not to remake Singapore in the image of New York or Paris. "We want to preserve our own uniqueness, our own diversity." he stressed. Thus with a view to creating more bure to keep the tourists and locals interested, STB set about creating thematic zones—the Kallang-National Stadium area. Smith Street in Chinatown and the restaurants by the river at Esplande—and obsging events, such as the highly successful World Gournest Suinnit.

But how is a government agency to promote tourism entrepressours it it is actively involved in driving many of the divelopments and nevents, acting rules and guidelines that could ultimately crime enterprises?

Mr Cheng said there reality isn't any contradiction in the board's developmental and promotional roles. "Of all the agencies, STB is the most relaxed," he said. "We are the number one or two in terms of working with stakebolders." He cased the example of the World Cournest Summit, which he said has developed into a brand name that drawtouries to other events taking place in Singapore when lets staged in April: "We started of the Summit," he said. "Any appril we started of the Summit," he said. "Any appril "We started of the Summit," he said. "You have more consists, you are close to the ground, you understand what.

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people ward."
"Every year it's stronger and stronger. I'm so proud , even when I go to Vail in Colorado or to Napa Valley. California, people have heard of the World Gourmet Summit

and Singapore."

Coming from a family of entirepreneurs, Mr Cheng said he is very pro-business and wastes to make sure that a climate is created that will enable tourism businessmen to make some or to make some or to make the control of the contr

enable tourism businessmen to make money. His family founded the mid-sized Wing Tal group involved in the textile and property business. Growing up in a 860 sg ft apartment in crowded Hong Keeg, he especienced first hand how to rough it out both in life and in business. We had It neonle

'I'm so proud ... even when I go to Vail in Colorado or to Napa Valley, California, people have heard of the World Gourmet Summit and Singapore.

Edmund Cheng

rough rout octs in meant in business. "We had it people living in there. Each bunk bed had four people," he recalled. "It was an environment that bred entrepreneurs, because there's a survival instinct." He spent the first IT years of his life in Hong Kong before going to the US for high school and university, where he studied at Chicago's North Western University. Mr Cheng

srudied at Chicago's North Western University, Mr Cheng moved to Singapore in 1979 and became a citizen in 1996. Working with tourism entrepreneurs appeared to be an easier task than working with Singapore's bareaucracy. "I wish we could have done more," in said. "I think the direction is there. In 106, there's no such thing as ideal.

direction is there. In life, there's no such thing as ideal. You've got to work with people, you've got to work with constraints, with stakeholders."

He said changing the mindset of some government agencies was the most difficult part of the task. STB's interaction with these agencies entailed "a lot of give and take, a lot of compressioe" as different government departments have different interests to protect. For example, in its plan to turn Senith Street in Chinatowa into a hawker hold attracting the bost hawkers, STB had to lobby long and hard for the road to be closed and the traffic flow diverted. An integral part of the business of creating more busz is

flow diverted. An integral part of the business of creating more busz is the promotion of the arts — a passion for Mr Cheng, whose office is tassefully decorated with oil paintings and becurace sculptures. He is chairman of Sculpture Square, located at Waterloo Street in a restored building that was the first Baha church in Singapore. The Sculpture Square hoots public exhibitions and workshops and educational programmes for students

He noted that while the performing arts have enjoyed good potromage in Singapore, the visual arts have lagged somewhat. 'Our local art is still not there yet.' The said, adding that local artists need to persevere if they want to

Now that he has more time on his hands, having passed the reins at STB to stockbroker Wee Ee Chao in January Mr Cheng will, no doubt, be busy out there indulging his passion of promoting the arts.